



Ladderbelt Instructions

The Ladderbelt

NOTICE

**PLEASE READ THE SAFETY GUIDELINES
IN CONJUNCTION WITH THE PRODUCT INSTRUCTIONS**

Before use:

Inspect the Ladderbelt to ensure there is no severe fraying, no breaks in the strands, no powdering, no fusion, burns, no discolouration or moulding and no localised softening.

Check stitchings are not out of line, stretched, opened, broken or individually missing.

Metalwork is free from corrosion, cracks, distortion or excessive wear.

Adjuster buckle slide bars slide freely with their ends remaining trapped in their slots at any angle.

The Ladderbelt K spring gate closes fully without assistance, and the threaded nut can be screwed fully to lock the spring gate.

No repairs have been made

If the Ladderbelt is seen to have any issues and any doubt about the condition, discontinue use.

Do not use Ladderbelt where it would be exposed to mineral acids or other aggressive chemicals. Ladderbelt is resistant to ordinary oils, grease, creosote, paint and white spirit; otherwise check.

To put on, step into waistband and using one or both adjuster buckle, tighten as much as possible around the waist without causing discomfort.

D ring at the front and padding on the waistband at the back, should be more or less central.

Tuck loop into waistband

Waistband may slacken when loop is not in use, If so re-tighten

Once ladder is up and in place, to fit, climb the ladder using the highest practicle rung, you can either;

1. Pass Loop over the top of one of the ladder stiles, twist it to form a figure of eight and pass the secondary loop over the other stile
2. Pass Loop under the top ladder rung and over the top of one or both ladder stiles. note that if the loop passes back over the top ladder rung it will hold you higher up.
3. In the case of the Lighting Column being used, pass the loop between the verticle bars of the Lighting Column, then up behind the top ladder rung and over the top of one or both ladder stile.
4. The Ladderbelt K has a karabiner attached, and may be used in the exact same way. Alternitvely release the spring gate of the karabiner from the D ring, pass the loop under and over the highest practicable ladder rung and trap the loop by engaging it through the spring gate of the karabiner. Lock the spring gate by screwing the locking nut firmly and check the gate is locked.

When working, always locate the loop on the highest practicable ladder rung and stand as low as possible, relative to that rung.

Care and Cleaning

- The life expectancy of the Ladderbelt will be maximised if it is looked after properly.
- To Clean, use a brush or if necessary use clean water from a domestic tap supply. If using soap or detergent, ensure it is properly rinsed off especially from the adjuster buckles. Ensure the Ladderbelt is dried properly.
- For the karabiner, lightly lubricate the spring gate and the locking nut thread
- Do not lubricate the adjuster buckles
- Repairs must not be made
- Store away from direct sunlight and heat, in a place that is cool, dry and well ventilated. In no circumstances expose to mineral acids, aggressive chemicals, sharp objects or keep under heavy objects.
- Inspection should be conducted by a competent person who is not the regular user
- Frequency depends upon the the nature of work, but generally every three months.
- The inspection should be in accordance with paragraph above, and must not include proof testing.
- If any fault is found, discontinue use immediately.
- Enter in the record form showing the make, model, serial number, date of inspection, name and signature of the competent persons.

Legal Compliance

- The Work at Height Regulations 2005 apply at all times.
- Secure the ladder at the top — use the correct ClimbSafe fitment or a secure tie.

Product & System Condition

- Keep your ladder and all ClimbSafe fittings in good working order.
- Use only as described — incorrect use compromises safety.

Weather & Location

- Wind: Cease work in anything stronger than a light breeze; anticipate sudden gusts.
- Carrying: Keep ladders clear; pause at doorways and check all directions before turning.
- Positioning: Avoid doorways — especially fire exits — without extra controls. Ensure visibility to pedestrians and vehicles. Be aware of vulnerable people and children.

Erection & Base

- Up-Ending: Close ladder, check overhead cables/obstructions, confirm clear ground. Repeat checks when lowering.
- Never place on boxes, loose blocks or free-standing towers.
- Angle: Maintain 1 unit out: 4 units up. Do not alter the angle to compensate for poor ground.

Slopes & Surfaces

- Shallow Angles: Do not use shallow angles to reach over outbuildings — stakes do not relieve structural stress.
- Level: Both feet must sit firmly on level ground. Use ClimbSafe Level Base / Leveliser on slopes. No loose packing.
- Slippery Surfaces: Wet level ground is usually fine with rubber feet. Watch for backward slopes, ice, oil, moss and polish. Clean rungs and feet often.

Soft Ground & Footwear

- Soft Ground: Place a rigid, slip-resistant board under the base.
- Rungs & Boots: Keep free of grease/moisture. Wear supportive footwear with good grip and reinforced toes.

Climbing Rules

- Three Points of Contact: One hand always on the ladder. Grip the stile if needed.
- Load: One person at a time. Do not exceed rated capacity.
- Height: Do not climb within 1 metre of the top.
- Reach: Keep both shoulders within the ladder width — do not lean past one side.

Disclaimer

These SAFETY GUIDELINES are not an exhaustive list of precautions. They should not be taken as a substitute for any additional measures found necessary on site, nor do they guarantee that the use of a ladder is safe without regard to local conditions and are always subject to an employer’s risk assessment.